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FORM X-17A-5

PART III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/05 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/05 MM/DD/YY
A. REGISTE	RANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MARTIN NEL	SON & CO., INC.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	ESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D.NO.
1500 WESTLAKE AVE. N., STE 200			
SEATTLE WA	.	98109	9-3031
(City) (State	e)	(Zip Cod	de)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS	SON TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT
MARTIN O. NELSON, JR.		(206)	682-6261
		(Area (Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCOUNT	TANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who PETERSON SULLIVAN PLLC (Name – if indiv	ose opinion is contained		
	ATTLE	WA	98101
(Address) (City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States	s or any of its possessi		PROCESSED MAR 1 7 2006
FOR OF	FFICIAL USE ONL	.Y	THOMSON FINANCIAL
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that th	ne annual report be cov	ered by the opinion of an	

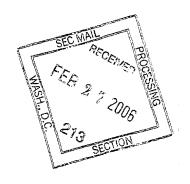
must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied an as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17 a-5(e)(2)

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I,	MARTIN O. NELSON, JR.	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
		financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm
of	MARTIN NELSON & CO., II	NC. , as
		, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	· ·	or, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any
account class	sified solely as that of a customer,	, except as follows:
	-08201396000	
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71,60	1000 Etc. 4 %	
TO TO TO TO THE TOTAL THE	Notary Public	Signature Prasident Title
(a) Facin (b) State (c) State (d) State (e) State (f) State (g) Com (h) Com (i) Infor (j) A Re cons (k) A Re cons (l) An O (m) A co	ement of Financial Condition. Ement of Income (Loss). Ement of Changes in Financial Condition Ement of Changes in Stockholders' Equation of Changes in Liabilities Suboraputation of Net Capital. Emutation for Determination of Reservemation Relating to the Possession or econciliation, including appropriate exputation for Determination of the Reservemation for Determination of the Reseconciliation. (NOT APPLICABLE) Eath or Affirmation. Experimental Report poort describing any material inadequant. (NOT APPLICABLE)	ion. (CASH FLOWS) uity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. dinated to Claims of Creditors. (NOT APPLICABLE) e Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. xplanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the serve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
X (O) IND	EPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5.



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DECEMBER 31, 2005

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
601 UNION STREET, SUITE 2300
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. Seattle, Washington

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The Company has recorded its investments at historical cost in the accompanying statement of financial condition. These investments, in our opinion, should be recorded at fair value to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). The effect of this departure from GAAP is to understate investments by \$526,576 (net of tax), and stockholder's equity by the same amount as of December 31, 2005, and to understate net income by \$68,831 (net of tax effect of \$35,460) for the year ended December 31, 2005.

In our opinion, except for the effects of recording investments at historical cost instead of at fair values as discussed in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information included in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Peteren Sulli PLIC January 20, 2006

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2005

ASSETS

Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Securities held for resale, at fair value Investments, at cost (fair value, net of deferred tax, is \$1,319,852) Deferred tax asset Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$199,368	\$	25,558 14,291 1,393 277,230 793,276 23,200 21,852
	\$	1,156,800
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Liabilities Payable to clearing company Accounts payable and accrued expenses Income tax payable	\$	176,409 79,444 21,558
		277,411
Stockholder's Equity Common stock, \$10 par value, 5,000 shares authorized, 1,471 shares issued and outstanding Retained earnings		14,710 864,679 879,389
	_\$	1,156,800

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 1,132,505
Gain on securities transactions	650,418
Interest, dividends and other income	155,906
	1,938,829
Expenses	
Compensation and benefits	1,131,167
Profit sharing contribution	131,540
Rent	129,216
Taxes, other than on income	99,570
Professional fees	76,761
Interest	33,696
Other operating expenses	32,781
Auto	26,433
Telephone	18,707
Office supplies	17,888
Dues and subscriptions	17,885
Data processing	15,331
Depreciation	7,552
Repair and maintenance	5,371
Contributions	5,170
	1,749,068
Income before income tax expense	189,761
Income tax expense	(26,312)
Net income	\$ 163,449

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

 Common Stock
 Retained Earnings
 Total

 Balance, December 31, 2004
 \$ 14,710
 \$ 701,230
 \$ 715,940

 Net income for 2005
 163,449
 163,449

14,710

864,679

\$

879,389

\$

Balance, December 31, 2005

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Cash Flows from Operating Activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities	\$	163,449
Depreciation		7,552
Benefit from deferred taxes		(5,500)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	•	< 5.45
Cash, segregated		6,247
Accounts receivable		(3,483)
Securities held for resale		(194,557)
Federal income tax receivable		2,687 2,975
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(64,468)
Income tax payable		21,558
meome and payable	*****	21,000
Cash flows from operating activities		(63,540)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(0.4.0.02)
Purchase of investments		(84,263)
Purchase of furniture and equipment		(6,045)
Cash flows from investing activities		(90,308)
Cash Flows from Financing Activity Increase in payable to clearing company		164,382
Increase in cash		10,534
Cash balance, beginning of year		15,024
Cash balance, end of year		25,558
Supplemental cash flow information Cash paid during the year for: Federal income tax	<u>\$</u>	7,567
Interest	\$	33,696

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. (the "Company") is a securities broker and dealer as approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Security transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis which is not materially different from transactions recorded on a trade date basis. The Company's customers are primarily individuals located in the Pacific Northwest. In the normal course of business, the Company's customer, trading, and correspondent clearance activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the other party to the transaction is unable to fulfill its contractual obligations.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash

The Company maintains its cash balances in large commercial banks and with a large brokerage institution. Bank balances are insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and brokerage balances are insured up to \$500,000 by the Security Investors Protection Corporation.

Cash balances are available for immediate withdrawal.

Securities Held for Resale

Securities held for resale are carried at fair value and consist of equity and debt securities. Realized (calculated using the average cost method) and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the results of operations for the year.

Investments

Investments are carried at cost and consist of various common stocks. Realized (calculated using the average cost method) gains and losses are reflected in the results of operations for the year. At December 31, 2005, the fair value of investments exceeded the cost basis by \$526,576 after deducting deferred taxes of \$271,266.

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using straight-line methods over estimated useful lives of five to seven years.

Income Tax

Income tax is determined using an asset and liability approach which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities at the applicable enacted tax rates.

The Company's deferred tax asset results from differences in depreciation rates on property. The Company's management believes it is more likely than not that all of the deferred tax asset will be realized. Therefore, no valuation reserve has been provided (and there was no change in the valuation reserve during the year). For 2005, the benefit (provision) for income tax is composed of:

Current provision Deferred benefit	\$	\$ (31,812) 5,500	
	\$	(26,312)	

The provision for Federal income tax differs from the statutory rate due to interest income that is exempt from tax and the dividends received deduction.

Note 2. Clearing Organizations

The Company has an agreement with another securities broker and dealer to act as a clearing organization for the Company. The clearing organization clears all security transactions and maintains customer accounts. In addition, the clearing organization holds most of the Company's securities held for resale and investments.

Amounts due to the clearing organization bear interest at the clearing firm's margin rate less 0.5% (resulting in a rate of 7.65% at December 31, 2005) and are secured by securities owned.

Note 3. Related Party Transactions

The Company has an office lease agreement with a company owned in part by the Company president. The office space is leased on a month-to-month basis. The total rent expense paid to the related party amounted to \$129,216 for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Note 4. Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). Accordingly, the Company is required to maintain a minimum level of net capital (as defined) of \$250,000. At December 31, 2005, the Company had computed net capital of \$1,057,441, which was in excess of the required net capital level by \$807,441. In addition, the Company is not allowed to have a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) in excess of 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.1 to 1.

S U P P L E M E N T A R Y I N F O R M A T I O N

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 December 31, 2005

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity per the financial statements	\$	879,389
Additions: Unrealized appreciation on investments, net of deferred taxes of \$271,266		526,576
Deferred taxes associated with the haircut on unrealized appreciation		48,828
Deductions: Fixed assets and other Unsecured receivable Deferred tax asset		(24,995) (12,591) (23,200)
		(60,786)
Haircuts on securities: Municipal bonds Equity securities Undue concentration haircuts		(7,808) (314,626) (14,132)
Net capital	\$	1,057,441
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Aggregate indebtedness Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	79,444
Income tax payable	<u> </u>	21,558
	\$	101,002
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	•	
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness or \$250,000, whichever is greater)	\$	250,000
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		8%
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		0.1 to 1

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2005

Credit balances	\$	-
Debit balances		
Excess total credits over debits	<u>\$</u>	-
Amount required to be on deposit (Excess credits over debits x 105%)	<u>\$</u>	-
Amount held on deposit in reserve bank accounts	\$	-

SCHEDULE III SCHEDULES OF RECONCILIATIONS PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)(4) December 31, 2005

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

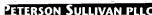
by the Company	_\$_	•
Excess of total credits over debits, as audited	\$	_
		•
RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPIT UNDER RULE 15c3-1	AL	
Net capital, as reported by the Company	\$	1,068,235
Adjustment to correct effects of deferred taxes, assuming investments were marked to market		15,002
Adjustment to record income tax expense and deferred taxes		(21,558)
Adjustment to record inventory at market value		(1,634)
Changes from adjustments Increase in undue concentration haircuts on securities		(2,604)
Net capital, as recalculated	\$	1,057,441

SCHEDULE IV INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

December 31, 2005

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The m	narket	value	and	number	of items	ot:

te market value and number of items of.	
1. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities not in the Company's possession or control as of the audit date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the audit date) but for which the required action was not taken by the Company within the time requirements specified under rule 15c3-3.	NONE
Number of items	NONE
2. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of the audit date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.	NONE
Number of items	NONE





CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

601 UNION STREET, SUITE 2300

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. Seattle, Washington

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Martin Nelson & Co., Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Martin Nelson & Co., Inc., including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in the following:

- 1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e);
- 2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System;
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the

objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Securities and Exchange Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the Securities and Exchange Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Peters Soll PLLC
January 20, 2006